CARBOLIC OIL (MIXTURE)

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION Common Synonyms Colorless - darkens on Carbolic acid exposure to light Liquefied phenol Middle oil Sinks and mixes with water Keep people away. AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear chemical protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Protect water intakes. Fire Combistions. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Wear chemical protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Extinguish with water, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. **Exposure** LIQUID POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected area with plenty of water. IF IN FYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Water **Pollution** Notify operators of nearby water intakes

1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS

Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Collection Systems: Pump Do not burn

2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- 2.1 CG Compatibility Group: 21; Phenols,
- cresols
 2.2 Formula: C₆H₅OH

- Formula: CeHsOH
 IMO/UN Designation: 9.0/2821
 DOT ID No.: 2821
 CAS Registry No.: 108-95-2
 NAERG Guide No.: 153
 Standard Industrial Trade Classification:
 - 51241

3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Fresh air mask for confined areas; rubber gloves; protective clothing; full face shield
- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Will burn eyes and skin. The analgesic action may cause loss of pain sensation. Readily absorbed through skin, causing increased heart rate, convulsions, and death.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INHALATION: remove victim to fresh air, keep guiet and warm. If breathing stops, start artificial respiration. INGESTION: do NOT induce vomiting. Give milk, egg whites, or large amounts of water. Get medical assistance. No known antidote. EYES AND SKIN: remove contaminated clothing. Flush eyes with water for 15 minutes or until physician arrives. Wash skin with soap and water.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: 5 ppm
- 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2: LD₅₀ = 0.5 to 5 g/kg (rat)
- 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Causes cancer in experimental animals.
 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause moderate irritation such that personnel will find high concentrations unpleasant. The effect is temporary.
- 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Fairly severe skin irritant. May cause pain and second-degree burns after a few minutes contact.
- 3.12 Odor Threshold: 0.05 ppm
- 3.13 IDLH Value: 250 ppm
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: 5 ppm 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 185°F O.C. 175°F C.C.
- 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 1.7%-8.6%
- **4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents:** Water, dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Not pertinent
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Unburned vapor is toxic
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Yields flammable vapors when heated, which will form explosive mixtures with air
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 1319°F
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Not pertinent
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 3.5 mm/min.
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 33.3 (calc.)
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 9.0 (calc.)
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: 11.5-28.5mg/1/96 hr/bluegill/TLm/fresh
 - water
 1.5 ppm/48 hr/rainbow trout/TL_m/fresh
- **6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity:** Currently not available
- **6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD):** 200%, 5 days
- Food Chain Concentration Potential: None
- 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile: Bioaccumulation: T
 Damage to living resources: 3
 Human Oral hazard: 2 Human Contact hazard: II Reduction of amenities: XX

7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: 90-92% phenol; 80-82% phenol (Remainder consists of cresols and water)
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Pressure-vacuum
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: A
- 7.6 Ship Type: 2
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: 1

8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Poison
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: 6.1
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: II
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No.
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

Category Classifi Health Hazard (Blue)	ication
Flammability (Red)	2
Instability (Yellow)	0

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed.
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed.
- 8.8. RCRA Waste Number: Not listed
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 94.11
- 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 359.2°F = 181.8°C = 455.0°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: <105.6°F = <40.9°C = <314.1°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: 790.0°F = 421.1°C =
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: 889 psia = 60.5 atm = 6.13
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 1.04 at 41°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 41 dynes/cm = 0.041 N/m at 20°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): 1.089
- **9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization:** 129.6 Btu/lb = 72.0 cal/g = 3.014 X 10⁵ J/kg
- 9.13 Heat of Combustion: -13.401 Btu/lb =
- $-7445 \text{ cal/g} = -311.707 \text{ X } 10^5 \text{ J/kg}$ 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: 28.67 cal/g
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: 0.03 psia

NOTES

CARBOLIC OIL (MIXTURE)

9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
110 115 120 125 135 140 145 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210	65.030 64.900 64.759 64.629 64.500 64.370 64.250 63.990 63.860 63.740 63.410 63.490 63.360 63.240 63.120 63.250 63.250 63.250		CURRENTLY NOT AVAILABLE	122	1.113	110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 155 160 170 175	4.302 3.929 3.594 3.292 3.021 2.775 2.554 2.353 2.171 2.005 1.855 1.718 1.593 1.479

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
68	8.400	70 80 90 100 110 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 310 320	0.012 0.017 0.024 0.034 0.048 0.066 0.091 0.123 0.165 0.220 0.289 0.378 0.490 0.629 0.802 1.016 1.278 1.596 1.982 2.446 3.002 3.663 4.446 5.370 6.453 7.718	70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 310 320	0.00019 0.00027 0.00039 0.00054 0.00074 0.00100 0.00135 0.00188 0.00238 0.00311 0.00661 0.00836 0.01050 0.01311 0.01624 0.02409 0.02449 0.02980 0.03607 0.04342 0.05200 0.06197 0.07350 0.08679	0 25 50 75 100 125 250 275 300 325 350 375 400 525 550 550 575 600	0.224 0.237 0.250 0.262 0.274 0.286 0.297 0.309 0.319 0.330 0.341 0.351 0.360 0.370 0.379 0.388 0.397 0.405 0.414 0.422 0.429 0.436 0.444 0.450 0.457