## **AMMONIUM BIFLUORIDE**

		ONSE INFORMAT	ION				
Common Synonyms Solid Acid ammonium fluoride Ammonium nydrogen difluoride Sinks and mixes wi		White	Odorless	4. FIRE HAZARDS     4.1 Flash Point: Not flammable     4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: Not flammable     4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Use agent suitable for surrounding fire.	<ol> <li>SHIPPING INFORMATION</li> <li>Grades of Purity: Pure, 99+%; Technical, 97- 98.5%</li> <li>Storage Temperature: Ambient</li> <li>Inert Atmosphere: No requirement</li> <li>Munification Composition</li> </ol>		
Ammonium hydrogen fluoride Avoid contact with solid and dust. Keep people away. Avoid inhalation. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stop discharge if possible. Isolate and remove discharged material. Notify local health and pollution control agencies.				<ul> <li>4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Do not apply water to adjacent fires.</li> <li>4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Toxic armonia, hydrogen fluoride, hydrofluoric acid, and hydrogen gases may form in fire.</li> </ul>	7.4 Venting: Open 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available 7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available 8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS 8.1 49 CFR Category: Corrosive material 8.2 49 CFR Class: 8 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: II 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No		
Fire	Not fianmable. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE.			<ul> <li>4.6 Behavior in Fire: Currently not available</li> <li>4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: Not pertinent</li> <li>4.8 Electrical Hazards: Not pertinent</li> <li>4.9 Burning Rate: Not pertinent</li> </ul>			
Exposure	Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. DUST Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled will cause coughing or difficult breathing. If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. SOLID Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed will cause nausea or vomiting.			4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Not pertinent     4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Not pertinent     4.12 Flame Temperature: Not pertinent     4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): Currently not available     4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed     5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY	8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:         Category       Classification         Health Hazard (Blue)		
	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS OR HAVING CONVULSIONS, do nothing except keep victim warm.			<ul> <li>5.1 Reactivity with Water: Dissolves and forms a weak solution of hydrofluoric acid.</li> <li>5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: Reacts violently with bases. In presence of moisture will corrode glass, cement,</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>PHYSICAL &amp; CHEMICAL PROPERTIES</li> <li>Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Solid</li> <li>Molecular Weight: 57.04</li> <li>Boiling Point at 1 atm: 463.1°F = 239.5°C =</li> </ol>		
Water Pollution	Effect of low concentrations on aquatic life is unknown. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.			and most metals. Flammable hydrogen gas may collect in enclosed spaces. Do not use steel, nickel, or aluminum containers. 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Flush with water. rinse with	512.7°K (Decomposes at 446°F) 9.4 Freezing Point: 258.0°F = 125.6°C = 398.8°K 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent		
1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Chemical and Physical Treatment: Neutralize         2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS           21         CG Compatibility Group: Not listed           2.2         Formula: NH-HF2           2.3         IMO/UN Designation: 8/1727           2.4         DOI ID No.: 1727           2.5         CAS Registry No.: 1341-49-7           2.6         NAERG Guide No.: 154			Group: Not listed on: 8/1727 1341-49-7	dilute solution of sodium bicarbonate or soda ash. 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent 6. WATER POLLUTION 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity:	<ul> <li>9.7 Specific Gravity: 1.5 at 20°C (solid)</li> <li>9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Not pertinent</li> </ul>		
2.7 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 51481     51481     3. HEALTH HAZARDS     3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: NIOSH approved respirator; rubber gloves; safety goggles; chemical resistant clothing.     3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Inhalation of dust may cause irritation of the respiratory system. Ingestion causes irritation of mouth and stomach, vornting, abdominal pain, convulsions, collapse, acute toxic nephritis. Contact with dust irritates eyes and may cause chemical burnes or rash on skin. High conco. of fluorine in the urine have been reported following skin contact.     3.3 Treatment of Exposure: Begin first aid as quickly as possible. INHALATION: remove vicim to fresh air. (I breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, INGESTION: perform gastric lavage with lime water or 1% calcium chloride solution; support respiration; call a physician. EYES: flush with water for at least 15 min; consult physician. SKIN: flush with water; treat burns. OTHER: remove all contaminated clothing in the shower at once.     3.4 TLV-TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>2</sup> as fluorines     3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.				<ul> <li>237 mg/l / 96 hr/ Zebra Barbel/Lco/</li> <li>6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not available</li> <li>6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): Currently not available</li> <li>6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential: None</li> <li>6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile: Bioaccumulation: 0 Damage to living resources: 2 Human Oral hazard: (3) Human Contact hazard: II Reduction of amenities: XXX</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>9.13 Heat of Combustion: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.15 Heat of Solution: 154 Btu/lb = 85.7 cal/g = 3.59 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg</li> <li>9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available</li> <li>9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available</li> <li>9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not available</li> </ul>		
3.8 Toxicity by Inh 3.9 Chronic Toxici 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Ir 3.11 Liquid or Soli 3.12 Odor Thresho 3.13 IDLH Value: N	tive: Grade 3; LD <sub>50</sub> = 50 mg/kg alation: Currently not available. tritty: Currently not available trittent Characteristics: Currently d Characteristics: Currently not a del: Currently not available ot listed. VA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> as fluorines 'EL: Not listed. tiling: Not listed.	not available					

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9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
	N O T		N O T		N O T		N O T
	P E R T I N E N T		P E R T I N E N T		P E R T I N E N T		PERTINENT

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
68	58.300		N O T P E R T I N E N T		N O T P E R T I N E N T		N O T P E R T I N E N T