ADIPONITRILE

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION Common Synonyms Colorless to light vellow 1,4-Dicyanobutane Hexanedinitrile Floats on water. Freezing point is 36°F. Stop discharge if possible Call fire department. Avoid contact with liquid. Isolate and remove discharged material. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Protect water intakes. Fire Combustible POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Wear chemical protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Extinguish with water, dry chemicals, foam or carbon dioxide. Cool exposed containers with water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. **Exposure** LIQUID OR SOLID Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. If swallowed, will cause ratuses or vortiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water Dangerous to aquatic life in high concentrations. Fouling to shoreline. Water Fouring to shoreurine. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and pollution control officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes. **Pollution**

1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS	1.	CORREC	TIVE RES	PONSE	ACTIONS
--------------------------------	----	--------	----------	-------	---------

Stop discharge Contain Collection Systems: Skim Clean shore line Salvage waterfowl Do not burn

2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- 2.1 2.2 2.3

- 2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS
 CG Compatibility Group: 37; Nitrile
 Formula: NC(CH₂)cN
 IMO/UN Designation: Not listed
 DOT ID No.: 2205
 CAS Registry No.: 111-69-3
 NAERG Guide No.: 153
 Standard Industrial Trade Classification:
 5184 51484

3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Rubber gloves and clothing giving full body and face protection to avoid contact with skin. Air or oxygen mask.
- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Ingestion of a few ml. may cause weakness, mental confusion, vomiting, rapid respiration, and tachycardia and convulsions. Headache and convulsions can result from exposure to vapor.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: Symptomatic treatment. Call physician. Thiosulfate should be considered. Administer vapor of amyl nitrite if patient is unconscious.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: 2 ppm (skin).
- 3.5 TI V-STEL: Not listed 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: oral LD50 250mg/kg (rat)3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Currently not available
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: If present in high concentrations, vapors cause a slight smarting of the eyes or respiratory system and may also cause more severe symptoms such as headache and convulsions.

 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: If spilled on clothing and allowed to remain, may cause smarting and
- reddening of the skin. If absorbed by skin may cause more severe symptoms such as headache and convulsions.
- 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available
- 3.13 IDLH Value: Not listed
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed.
- 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 325°F C.C.
- 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: LFL = 1.0% at 200°C
- **4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents:** Water spray, dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Not pertine
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Toxic gases are generated in
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Not pertinent
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 550C (1022
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: I, D
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 2.7 mm/min.
- **4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature:** Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio:
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to
- Product): Currently not available 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: 670 ppm/96 hr/rainbow trout/LC50 820 mg/L /96 hr / fathead minnows/LC50 1250 ppm/24 hr/sunfish/TLm/fresh water
- Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not available
- 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): 40%,
- Food Chain Concentration Potential: Currently not available
- **GESAMP Hazard Profile:** Bioaccumulation: 0
 Damage to living resources: 1
 Human Oral hazard: 3 Human Contact hazard: I Reduction of amenities: XX

7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Currently not available
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Stable
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: D
- 7.6 Ship Type: 3
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: 2

8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Keep Away From Food
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: 6.1
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: III 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue)....... 2 Flammability (Red)..... Instability (Yellow).....

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 108
- 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 554°F = 290°C = 563°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: 36°F = 2.4°C = 275.5°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 0.9611 at 25°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: Not pertinent
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent
- 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Not pertinent
- **9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization:** (est.) 240 Btu/lb = 134 cal/g = 5.59 X 10⁵ J/kg
- 9.13 Heat of Combustion: -14,230 Btu/lb = -7910 cal/g = -331 X 10⁵ J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Low

NOTES

ADIPONITRILE

9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 115 120 125 130	60.420 60.280 60.140 60.010 55.870 55.870 55.480 59.350 59.230 59.100 58.980 58.740 58.620 58.750	85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130 135 145 145	0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480 0.480	75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 150 165 170	1.221 1.218 1.215 1.211 1.208 1.205 1.202 1.199 1.196 1.193 1.190 1.187 1.184 1.181 1.178 1.178 1.172 1.166 1.163	65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 125	7.070 6.564 6.103 5.681 5.296 4.943 4.619 4.322 4.049 3.797 3.565 3.351 3.153

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	N S O		N O T		N O T		N O T
	L U B L E		P E R T I N E N T		P E R T I N E N T		P ERTINENT