## **ALLYLTRICHLOROSILANE**

## CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION Common Synonyms Sharp, irritating Allylsilicone trichloride Reacts violently with water. Irritating visible vapor cloud is produced. Restrict access. Evacuate. Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Call fire department Call fire department. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Protect water intakes. Combustible. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Extinguish with dry chemicals or carbon dioxide. DO NOT USE WATER OR FOAM ON FIRE. Fire Call for medical aid. **Exposure** VAPOR VALUE Tritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled will cause coughing or difficult breathing. Move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. LIQUID Will burn skin and eves. Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING Effect of low concentrations on aquatic life is unknown. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes. Water **Pollution**

## 1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS

Dilute and disperse Stop discharge

Chemical and Physical Treatment:

Neutralize Do not add water to undissolved material

### 2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- CG Compatibility Group: Not listed. Formula: CH<sub>2</sub>=CH CH<sub>2</sub> SiCl<sub>3</sub> IMO/UN Designation: 8/1724
- **DOT ID No.: 1724**
- CAS Registry No.: 107-37-9
  NAERG Guide No.: 155
  Standard Industrial Trade Classification:

### 3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Acid-vapor-type respiratory protection; rubber gloves; chemical goggles; other equipment necessary to protect skin and eyes.

  3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Inhalation of vapor irritates mucous membranes. Liquid causes
- severe burns of eyes and skin and severe internal burns if ingested.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: Get medical attention after all exposures to this compound. INHALATION: remove from exposure; support respiration. EYES: flush with water 15 min. SKIN: flush with water. INGESTION: do NOT induce vomiting; give water.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: Not listed.
- 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 3; LD<sub>50</sub> = 50 to 500 mg/kg
- 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Currently not available
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause severe irritation of eyes and throat and can cause eye or lung injury. They cannot be tolerated even at low concentrations.
   3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Severe skin irritant. Causes second-and third-degree burns on short contact and is very injurious to the eyes.
- 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available
- 3.13 IDLH Value: Not listed.
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed. 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

- 4. FIRE HAZARDS
- 4.1 Flash Point: 100°F O.C. 95°F C.C.
- **4.2 Flammable Limits in Air:** Currently not available
- **4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents:** Dry chemical, carbon dioxide
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Water or foam
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Irritating vapors of hydrogen chloride and phosgene may form.
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Difficult to extinguish.
- **4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature:** Currently not available
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Currently not available
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 2.2 mm/min.
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 21.4 (calc.)
- **4.12 Flame Temperature:** Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 8.0 (calc.)
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

### 5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: Reacts vigorously, generating hydrogen chloride (hydrochloric acid).
- sodium bicarbonate

### 6. WATER POLLUTION

- - Reduction of amenities: XX

## 7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Commercial
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Pressure-vacuum
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available
- 7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available

### 8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Corrosive material
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: 8
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: II
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

### Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue)........ 3 Flammability (Red)..... 3 Instability (Yellow)..... Special (White).....

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed.
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed.
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials:
  Corrodes metal because of hydrochloric acid formed.
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Flush with water, rinse with
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: Currently not available
- **6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity:** Currently not available
- 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD):
- 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile:

  - Damage to living resources: (1)
    Human Oral hazard: (1)
    Human Contact hazard: (1)

### 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 175.5
- 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 241°F = 116°C =
- 9.4 Freezing Point: Not pertinent
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 1.215 at 20°C (liquid) 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: (est.) 20 dynes/cm = 0.020 N/m at 20°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: 6
- 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas):
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 97 Btu/lb = 54 cal/g = 2.3 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg
- **9.13 Heat of Combustion:** (est.)  $-5,200 \text{ Btu/lb} = -2,900 \text{ cal/g} = -120 \text{ X } 10^5 \text{ J/kg}$
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Currently not available
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not

NOTES

# **ALLYLTRICHLOROSILANE**

9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76 78 80 80 82 84	77.020 76.950 76.879 76.809 76.740 76.679 76.610 76.540 76.400 76.339 76.120 76.049 75.980 75.910 75.570 75.570 75.570 75.529 75.380 75.290	34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 68 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 78 80 82 84	0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500	34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 66 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76 78 80 82 84	0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839	34 36 38 40 42 44 44 48 50 52 54 56 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 78 80 82 84	5.243 5.084 4.930 4.783 4.641 4.504 4.372 4.245 4.123 4.005 3.892 3.677 3.575 3.476 3.381 3.290 3.201 3.116 3.033 2.954 2.877 2.802 2.730 2.660 2.593

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	REACTS	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 210 220 230	0.026 0.038 0.056 0.080 0.113 0.158 0.217 0.296 0.398 0.530 0.699 0.912 1.180 1.513 1.924 2.427 3.039 3.779 4.667 5.726 6.981 8.462 10.200 12.230	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 210 220 230	0.00091 0.00133 0.001489 0.00266 0.00369 0.00505 0.00683 0.00913 0.01206 0.01577 0.02041 0.02618 0.03328 0.04194 0.05245 0.06509 0.08019 0.08019 0.08019 0.14410 0.17300 0.20660 0.24530 0.24530 0.28980	85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130 135 145 150 155 160 170	0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142 0.142