CYANOGEN BROMIDE

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION Common Synonyms Penetrating odor Sinks and mixes with water Evacuate. Keep people away. AVOID CONTACT WITH SOLID. Wear chemical protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Not flammable POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Wear chemical protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Cool exposed containers with water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. **Exposure** DUST POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. SOLIDS POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN FYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Water May be dangerous if it enters water intake Notify local health and wildlife officials. **Pollution** Notify operators of nearby water intakes

Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Do not burn

2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- CG Compatibility Group: Not listed.
- 2.2 Formula: BrCN2.3 IMO/UN Designation: 6.1/18892.4 DOT ID No.: 1889

- CAS Registry No.: 506-68-3 NAERG Guide No.: 157 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 52381

3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Chemical cartridge respirator, goggles, protective clothing, rubber
- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Same symptoms as hydrogen cyanide. Because it irritates the eyes, throat, and lungs severely, it is unlikely that anyone would voluntarily remain in areas with a high enough concentration to exert a cyanide effect.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: Call a physician. INHALATION: remove victim to fresh air: if he is not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth; if symptoms of cyanide poisoning are observed, administer amyl nitrite as instructed for HCN. INGESTION: have victim drink water or milk; do NOT induce vomiting.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: Not listed.
- 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Currently not available
- 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.
 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Workers exposed to solutions may develop dermatitis.
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause severe irritation of eyes and throat and can cause eye and lung injury. They cannot be tolerated even at low concentrations.

 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Severe skin irritant. Causes second-and third- degree burns on
- short contact; very injurious to the eyes.

 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available
- 3 13 IDI H Value: Not listed
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed. 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: Not flammable
- 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: Not flammable
- 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Not pertinent
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Not pertinent
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Poison gases are produced in
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Not pertinent
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: Not
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Not pertinent
- 4.9 Burning Rate: Not flammable
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Not Pertinent
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): Not Pertinent
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Strong bleaching powder solution; let stand 24 hr.
- 5.5 Polymerization: Does not occur
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: Currently not available
- 6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not available
- **6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD):**Currently not available
- 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- **GESAMP Hazard Profile:** Bioaccumulation: 0 Damage to living resources: 4 Human Oral hazard: 3 Human Contact hazard: II
 - Reduction of amenities: XX

7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Currently not available
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Currently not available 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: Currently not available
- 7.4 Venting: Currently not available
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available
- 7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available

8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Poison
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: 6.1
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: I 8.4 Marine Pollutant: Yes
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:
 - Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue)......... 3

Flammability (Red)..... 0 Instability (Yellow).....

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: 1000 pounds
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: C
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: U246
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Solid

- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 105.93
- 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: Not pertinent
- **9.4 Freezing Point:** 120 to 124°F = 49 to 51°C = 322 to 324°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 2.015 at 20°C (solid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: Not pertinent
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: 3.6
- 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Not pertinent
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: Not pertinent 9.13 Heat of Combustion: Not pertinent
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not available

NOTES

CYANOGEN BROMIDE

9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
	N O T		N O T		N O T		N O T
	PERTINENT		PERT INENT		. PERT - NE NT		PERT NENT

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	V E R Y		N O T		N O T		N O T
	Y S O L U B L E		P E R T I N E N T		P E R T I N E N T		P E R T I N E N T