CREOSOTE, COAL TAR

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION						
Common Synonyms Creosote oil Dead oil		Liquid	Yellow to black	Tarry odor		
May float or sink in water. Call fire department. Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Protect water intakes.						
Fire	Extinguish w	Combustible. Extinguish with dry chemicals, foam or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective on fire.				
Exposure	Call for medical aid. LIQUID Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomitting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS OR HAVING CON- VULSIONS, do nothing except keep victim warm.					
Water Pollution	Effect of low concentrations on aquatic life is unknown. Fouling to shoreline. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.					

1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS
Stop discharge
Contain

Collection Systems: Skim; Pump; Dredge Chemical and Physical Treatment:

Clean shore line

2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- 2. Creamical Designations
 2. Creamical Designations
 2. Compatibility Group: 21; Phenols,
 cresols
 2. Formula: Mixture
 2.3 IMM/UN Designation: 9/1993
 2.4 DOT ID No. 1x01 listed
 2.5 CAS Registry No.: 8001-58-9
 3.4 NAERG Guide No.: Not listed.
 2.7 Standard Industrial Trade Classification:
 33521

3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: All-service canister mask; rubber gloves; chemical safety goggles and/or face shield; overalls or a neoprene apron; barrier creams.
- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Vapors cause moderate irritation of nose and throat. Liquid causes severe burns of eyes and reddening and itching of skin. Prolonged contact with skin can cause burns. Ingestion causes salivation, vomiting, respiratory difficulties, thready pulse, vertigo, headache, loss of pupillary reflexes, hypothermia, cyanosis, mild convulsions.

 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INHALATON: remove victim to fresh air; if he is not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth; if breathing is difficult, give oxygen; call a physician.
- EYES: flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 min. and call a physician. SKIN: wipe with vegetable oil or margarine, then wash with soap and water. INGESTION: have victim drink water or milk; do NOT induce vomiting.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: Not listed.
- 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2; LD₅₀ = 0.5 to 5 g/kg
- 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.
 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Repeated exposures may cause cancer of skin.
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause moderate irritation such that personnel will find high concentrations unpleasant. The effect is temporary. 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Fairly severe skin irritant. May cause pain and second- degree
- burns after a few minutes' contact.

 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available
- 3 13 IDI H Value: Not listed
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed. 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

4. FIRE HAZARDS

- **4.1 Flash Point:** >160°F C.C.
- 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: Not pertinent
- 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam
- **4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used:** Water may be ineffective.
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Heavy, irritating black
- smoke is formed. 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 637°F
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Not pertinent
- 4.9 Burning Rate: Currently not available 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Not Pertinent
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): Not Pertinent
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: Currently not available
- 6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not
- 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): Currently not available
- 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- **GESAMP Hazard Profile:** Bioaccumulation: T Damage to living resources: 3 Human Oral hazard: 1 Human Contact hazard: | Reduction of amenities: XXX

7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Whole creosote or various fractions, depending on boiling point. All have similar properties.
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Open (flame arrester)
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: A
- 7.6 Ship Type: 2
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: 3

8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Not listed
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: Not pertinent
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: Not listed.
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: Yes
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue)....... 2 Flammability (Red).....

- Instability (Yellow)..... 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: 1 pound
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: X
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: 1/051
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: Mixture
- **9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm:** >356°F = >180°C = >353°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: Not pertinent
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 1.05-1.09 at 15°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: (est.) 15 dynes/cm = 0.015 N/m at 20°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: (est.) 20 dvnes/cm = 0.020 N/m at 20°C
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas):
 Not pertinent
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: Not pertinent
- **9.13 Heat of Combustion:** (est.) –12,500 Btu/lb = -6,900 cal/g = -290 X 10⁵ J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Low

NOTES

CREOSOTE, COAL TAR

9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 71 72 73 74 75 76	67.379 67.349 67.309 67.280 67.280 67.240 67.209 67.159 67.139 67.030 67.030 67.030 66.929 66.900 66.860 66.820 66.790 66.790 66.650 66.650	51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 66 67 71 72 73 74 75 76	0.400 0.400		NOT PERT-NENT	67	12.000

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	I N S O		N O T		N O T		N O T
	L U B L E		PERTIN		PERTINENT		PERTINENT