## ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN

## **CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION** Common Synonyms 2-Chlorethanol pleasant odor 2-Chloroethanol 2-Chloroethyl alcohol Ethylene chlorhydrin Glycol chlorohydrin Mixes with water. Irritating vapor is produced. Stay upwind. Use water spray to ``knock down" vapor. Call fire department. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Combustible. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Extinguish with water, dry chemicals, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide. Fire Call for medical aid. **Exposure** VAPOR Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled will cause coughing or difficult breathing. Move victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. LIQUID Irritating to skin and eyes Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. Flush Skylod eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED, and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Effect of low concentrations on aquatic life is unknown. Water May be dangerous if it enters water intake Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.

#### 1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS

Stop discharge Do not burn

**Pollution** 

#### 2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- CG Compatibility Group: 20; Alcohol, 2.1 CG Compatibility Group: 20; Alcohol, glycol
  2.2 Formula: CICHzCHzOH
  2.3 IMO/UN Designation: 3.3/1135
  2.4 DOT ID No.: 1135
  2.5 CAS Registry No.: 107-07-3
  2.6 NAERG Guide No.: 131
  2.7 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 51219

### 3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Organic canister mask or self-contained breathing apparatus: goggles or face shield; rubber gloves.
- Symptoms Following Exposure: Inhalation causes irritation of upper respiratory system, nausea, headache, delirium, coma, collapse. Liquid causes irritation of eyes and skin; prolonged contact
- with skin may allow penetration into body and cause same symptoms as following ingestion or inhalation. Ingestion causes nausea, headache, delirium, coma, and collapse.

  3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INHALATION: remove from exposure; give artificial respiration if breathing has stopped; call physician. EYES: flush with water for at least 15 min.; get medical attention if irritation persists. SKIN: wash off with copious amounts of water; call physician if contact has been prolonged. INGESTION: give large amounts of water; get medical attention.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: Not listed.
- 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: 1 ppm
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 3; oral LD₅0 = 71 mg/kg (rat)
   3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Damage to central nervous system and liver in humans
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Currently not available
- 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Currently not available 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available
- 3.13 IDLH Value: 7 ppm
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: 5 ppm.
- 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed. 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

#### 4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 139°F O.C.
- 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 4.9%-15.9%
- 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Water, alcohol foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Not pertinent
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Toxic hydrogen chloride and phosgene fumes may be formed.
- **Behavior in Fire:** Vapors are heavier than air and may flash back to a source of ignition.
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 797°F
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Currently not
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 1.7 mm/min.
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 11.9 (calc.)
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 5.0 (calc.)
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

#### 5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

#### 6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: Currently not available
- **6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity:** Currently not available
- 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): 0.50 lb/lb, 10 days
- Food Chain Concentration Potential: None
- 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile:
- Bioaccumulation: 0
  Damage to living resources: 2
  Human Oral hazard: 2 Human Contact hazard: II Reduction of amenities: XX

#### 7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: 99+%
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement 7.4 Venting: Open (flame arrester)
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: C
- 7.6 Ship Type: 2
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: 1

#### 8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Poison
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: 6.1
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: I
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:
  - Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue)......... 3 Flammability (Red)..... Instability (Yellow).....
- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed.
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed.
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

#### 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 80.51
- 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 263.7°F = 128.7°C = 401.9°K
- **9.4 Freezing Point:** -80.7°F = -62.6°C = 210.6°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 1.197 at 20°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: Currently not
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: 2.8
- 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Currently not available
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 221 Btu/lb =  $123 \text{ cal/g} = 5.15 \text{ X } 10^5 \text{ J/kg}$
- 9.13 Heat of Combustion: -6,487 Btu/lb = -3,604 cal/g = -150.8 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not available

# **ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN**

| 9.20<br>SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY  |   | 9.21<br>LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY   |  | 9.22<br>LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY  |   | 9.23<br>LIQUID VISCOSITY   |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Temperature<br>(degrees F)  | Pounds per cubic foot   | Temperature<br>(degrees F)   | British thermal unit per<br>pound-F  | Temperature<br>(degrees F)   | British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F  | Temperature<br>(degrees F)   | Centipoise   |
| 35<br>40<br>45<br>50<br>55<br>60<br>65<br>70<br>75<br>80<br>85<br>90<br>95<br>100<br>105<br>115<br>1120 | 75.980 75.790 75.599 75.410 75.209 75.820 74.839 74.450 74.259 74.070 73.879 73.690 73.309 73.120 72.929 72.740 | 65<br>70<br>75<br>80<br>85<br>90<br>95<br>100<br>105<br>110<br>115<br>125<br>130 | 0.451<br>0.453<br>0.454<br>0.456<br>0.458<br>0.460<br>0.462<br>0.463<br>0.465<br>0.467<br>0.469<br>0.471<br>0.472<br>0.474 | 51<br>52<br>53<br>54<br>55<br>56<br>57<br>58<br>59<br>60<br>61<br>62<br>63<br>64<br>65<br>66<br>67<br>68 | 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 1.048 | 52<br>54<br>56<br>58<br>60<br>62<br>64<br>66<br>68<br>70<br>72<br>74<br>76<br>78<br>80<br>82<br>84<br>86<br>89<br>90<br>92<br>94 | 4.323<br>4.196<br>4.074<br>3.956<br>3.842<br>3.732<br>3.627<br>3.525<br>3.426<br>3.331<br>3.240<br>3.151<br>3.066<br>2.984<br>2.904<br>2.827<br>2.753<br>2.681<br>2.611<br>2.544<br>2.479<br>2.416 |

| 9.24<br>SOLUBILITY IN WATER |                                | 9.25<br>SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE  |  | 9.26<br>SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY   |   | 9.27<br>IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY |                                  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Temperature<br>(degrees F)  | Pounds per 100 pounds of water | Temperature<br>(degrees F)  | Pounds per square inch   | Temperature<br>(degrees F)  | Pounds per cubic foot   | Temperature<br>(degrees F)      | British thermal unit per pound-F |
|                             | M I S C I B L E                | 60<br>70<br>80<br>90<br>100<br>110<br>120<br>130<br>140<br>150<br>160<br>170<br>180<br>190<br>200<br>210<br>220<br>230<br>240<br>250<br>260 | 0.073<br>0.103<br>0.146<br>0.203<br>0.279<br>0.379<br>0.510<br>0.679<br>0.896<br>1.171<br>1.950<br>2.486<br>3.146<br>3.954<br>4.935<br>6.119<br>7.540<br>9.235<br>11.250<br>13.620 | 60<br>70<br>80<br>90<br>100<br>110<br>120<br>130<br>140<br>150<br>160<br>170<br>180<br>190<br>200<br>210<br>220<br>230<br>240<br>250<br>260 | 0.00105 0.00147 0.00203 0.00277 0.00374 0.00499 0.00660 0.00864 0.01120 0.01440 0.01836 0.02322 0.02915 0.03632 0.04495 0.05527 0.06752 0.08199 0.09900 0.11890 0.14200 |                                 | NOT PERT-NENT                    |