2-ETHYL TOLUENE

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION Common Synonyms 1-Ethyl-2-methylbenzene o-Ethylmethylbenzene o-Ethyltoluene o-Methylethylbenzene Floats on water. Flammable, irritating vapor is produced Keep people away. Shut off ignition sources and call fire department. Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind and use water spray to ``knock down" vapor. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. COMBUSTIBLE Fire Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Water may be ineffective on fire. Wear goggles and self contained breathing apparatus. Extinguish with dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide. Cool exposed containers with water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. **Exposure** VAPOR Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, difficult breathing, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. LIQUID Irritating to skin and eyes. Ifficially to skill and eyes. If swallowed will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Dangerous to aquatic life in high concentrations. Fouling to shoreline. Water

1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIO	NS
Stop discharge	

Collection Systems: Skim Clean shore line Salvage waterfowl

Pollution

2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- 2.1 CG Compatibility Group: 32; Aromatic Hydrocarbon rmula: o-CH₃C₆H₄C₂H₅
- IMO/UN Designation: Not Listed DOT ID No.: Not Listed CAS Registry No.: 611-14-3 NAERG Guide No.: Not listed

- Standard Industrial Trade Classification:
- 51129

3. HEALTH HAZARDS

3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Air-supplied mask; goggles or face shield; plastic gloves

May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.

- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Vapors irritate eyes and upper respiratory tract; cause dizziness, headache, anesthesia, respiratory arrest. Liquid irritates eyes and causes drying of skin. If aspirated, causes coughing, gagging, distress, amd rapidly developing pulmonary edema. If ingested causes vomiting, griping, darrhea, depressed respiration.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INHALATION: Remove to fresh air, give artificial respiration and oxygen if needed; call a doctor. INGESTION: Do NOT induce vomiting; call a doctor. EYES: Flush with water for at least 15 min. SKIN: Wipe off, wash with soap and water.
- 3 4 TI V-TWA: Not listed
- 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2; LDLo = 5 g/kg (rat)
- 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Kidney and liver damage may follow ingestion.
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause a slight smarting of the eyes or respiratory system if present in high concentrations. The effect is temporary.
- 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Minimum hazard. If spilled on clothing and allowed to remain, may
- cause smarting and reddening of the skin.

 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available
- 3.13 IDLH Value: Not listed.
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed.
- 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 103°F C.C.
- **4.2 Flammable Limits in Air:** Currently not available
- 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Carbon dioxide or dry chemical for small fires. Alcohol or foam for large fires
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Water may be ineffective.
- Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Not pertinent
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Vapor is heavier than air and may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 824°F
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Currently not
- 4.9 Burning Rate: Currently not available
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 57.1 (calc.)
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 15.0 (calc.)
- Minimum Oxygen Concentration Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: Currently not available
- 6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not
- 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): Currently not available
- Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- Currently not available
- GESAMP Hazard Profile: Bioaccumulation: T Damage to living resources: 3 Human Oral hazard: 2 Human Contact hazard: || Reduction of amenities: XX

7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Research, reagent, 99+%
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Open (flame arrester) or pressure-
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: (B)
- 7.6 Ship Type: 3
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available

8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Not listed
- 8.2. 49 CFR Class: Not Pertinent
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: Not listed.
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: Yes
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

Category Classif	ication	
Health Hazard (Blue)	-	
Flammability (Red)	2	
Instability (Yellow)	0	

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed.
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed.
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 120.19 **9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm:** 329.4°F = 165.2°C = 438.4°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: -113.4°F = -80.8°C =
- 192.4°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: Currently not available 9.6 Critical Pressure: Currently not available
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 0.8807 at 20°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 15.2 dyne/cm = 0.0152 N/m @ 161°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Currently not available
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: 4.15
- 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Currently not available
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 200 Btu/lb = 111 cal/g = 4.6 x 10⁵ J/kg
- 9.13 Heat of Combustion: -18,650 Btu/lb = -10,361 cal/g = -434 x 10⁵ J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: (est) -19,998
- Btu/lb = -11,110 cal/g = $-465 \times 10^5 \text{ J/kg}$ 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: 0.2 psia

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9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
68	54.980	260	0.403		CURRENTLY NOT AVAILABLE		CURRENTLY NOT AVAILABLE

SOLUBILIT	9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		.27 EAT CAPACITY
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	CURRENTLY NOT AVAILABLE	60 80 100 120 140 160 180 220 2240 240 260 280 300 320	0.028 0.077 0.167 0.315 0.538 0.855 1.288 1.857 2.585 3.497 4.618 5.974 7.591 9.498		CURRENTLY NOT AVA-LABLE	0 25 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 225 250 275 300 325 350 375 400 425 450 525 550 575 600	0.268 0.281 0.293 0.305 0.317 0.329 0.342 0.354 0.366 0.378 0.390 0.403 0.415 0.427 0.439 0.451 0.464 0.476 0.488 0.500 0.512 0.525 0.537 0.549 0.561