ETHYLTRICHLOROSILANE

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION

Common Synonyms Ethyl silicon trichloride Trichloroethyl silicone Trichloroethyl silicone

Sharp irritating

Reacts violently with water. Irritating gas is produced on contact with

Evacuate.

KEEP PEOPLE AWAY. AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR.

Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
Shut off ignition sources. Call fire department.

Notify local health and pollution control agencies.

POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE

POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE.
Containers may explode in fire.
Flashback along vapor trail may occur.
Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
Extinguish with dry chemicals, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide.

Water may be ineffective on fire. Cool exposed containers with water

Exposure

Call for medical aid.

VAPOR

Irritating to eyes, nose and throat.

If inhaled will cause difficult breathing.

Move victim to fresh air.

If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.

If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

LIQUID
Will burn skin and eyes.
Harmful if swallowed.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Flush affected areas with plenty of water.

IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water

or milk.
DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING

Water **Pollution**

Effect of low concentrations on aquatic life is unknown. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials.

Notify operators of nearby water intakes

1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS

Dilute and disperse

Stop discharge Chemical and Physical Treatment:

Neutralize

Do not burn
Do not add water to undissolved material

2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- CG Compatibility Group: Not listed.
- IMO/UN Designation: 3.2/1196 DOT ID No.: 1196

- CAS Registry No.: 115-21-9 NAERG Guide No.: 155 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 51550

3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Full protective clothing; acid-vapor-type respiratory protection; rubber gloves; chemical worker's goggles; other equipment as necessary to protect skin and eyes.
- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: Inhalation causes irritation of nose and throat. Contact with liquid causes severe burns of eyes and skin. Ingestion causes burns of mouth and stomach.

 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INHALATION: remove victim from exposure; administer artificial respiration if
- breathing has stopped; call physician. EYES: flush with water for 15 min.; obtain medical attention immediately. SKIN: flush with water; obtain medical attention immediately if irritation persists. INGESTION: give large amounts of water; get medical attention.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: Not listed. 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2; oral LDso = 1,330 mg/kg (rat) 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available.
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Currently not available
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause severe irritation of the eyes and throat and can cause eye and lung injury. They cannot be tolerated even at low concentrations.
 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Severe skin irritant. Causes second-and third-degree burns on short
- contact and is very injurious to the eyes.
- 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available
- 3.13 IDLH Value: Not listed.
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed.
 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 57°F C.C.
- **4.2 Flammable Limits in Air:** Currently not available
- 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Dry chemical, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide
- **4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used:** Water may be ineffective.
- Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Toxic hydrogen chloride and phosgene gases may form.
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Vapors are heavier than air and may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Difficult to extinguish; re-ignition may occur. Contact with water applied to adjacent fires will produce irritating hydrogen chloride fumes.
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: Currently not
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Currently not
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 2.0 mm/min.
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 16.7 (calc.)
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 7.0 (calc.)
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: Reacts vigorously, evolving hydrogen chloride (hydrochloric acid).
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: Reacts with surface moisture to form hydrogen chloride, which is corrosive to common metals.
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Flood with water, rinse with sodium bicarbonate or lime solution.
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: Currently not available
- **6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity:** Currently not available
- **6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD):**Currently not available
- 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile:
- Bioaccumulation: 0
 Damage to living resources: 1
 Human Oral hazard: 1
 Human Contact hazard: II Reduction of amenities: XX

7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: 98+%
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Currently not available
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available
- 7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available

8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Flammable liquid
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: 3 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: II
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:
 - Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue)......... 3 Flammability (Red).....
 - Instability (Yellow).....
- Special (White)..... 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed.
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed.
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: 163.5
- **9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm:** 210°F = 99°C = 372°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: Not pertinent
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 1.24 at 25°C (liquid) 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: (est.) 25 dynes/cm = 0.025 N/m at 20°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: 5.6
- 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas):
- **9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization:** 104 Btu/lb = 58 cal/g = 2.4 X 10⁵ J/kg
- **9.13 Heat of Combustion:** (est.) –4,300 Btu/lb = –2,400 cal/g = –100 X 10⁵ J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent 9.15 Heat of Solution: Currently not available
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not

NOTES

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9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95	78.549 78.370 78.200 78.030 77.849 77.679 77.509 77.330 77.160 76.990 76.639 76.469 76.290	42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76	0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400 0.400	42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76 80 82 84 88	0.873 0.873	51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 70 71 72 73 74 75	4.064 4.005 3.948 3.892 3.836 3.782 3.627 3.627 3.575 3.525 3.476 3.428 3.381 3.335 3.290 3.245 3.291 3.158 3.116 3.074 3.033 2.993 2.995 2.954 2.915 2.877

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	REACTS	70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220	0.496 0.670 0.894 1.181 1.546 2.004 2.575 3.281 4.148 5.204 6.483 8.020 9.856 12.040 14.620 17.640	70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220	0.01427 0.01890 0.02477 0.03215 0.04133 0.05265 0.06651 0.08334 0.10360 0.12790 0.15680 0.19100 0.23110 0.27800 0.33240 0.39540		N O T P E R T I N E N T