METHYLTRICHLOROSILANE

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION Common Synonyms Trichloromethylsilane Líquid Coloriess Sharp irritatin odor Reacts violently with water. Irritating gas is produced on contact w water. Reacts violently with water. Irritating gas is produced on contact w water. Evenuate. KEEP PPOPLE EMMY: AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Avoid inhabitio. Avoid inhabitio. Ware gogdes. self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Sharp irritatin overclothing (including gloves). Fire PLAMMABLE POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Containers may exploid in gifted in an enclosed area. Wear gogdes and self-contained breathing apparatus. Exposure Exposure Call for medical aid. War gogdes and self-contained breathing apparatus. Exposure Call for medical aid. WaPO Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If infraining to gifted in an enclosed area. Wore victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult give artificial respiration. It breathing is difficult give and gloves. Protect water intakes. Mater Pollution Effect of low concentrations on aquatic life is unknown. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify operators of nearby water intakes. 1. COURCECTURE ESPONSE ACTIONS Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Do not add water to undissolved material Do not add water to undissolved material Do not add water to undissolved material Do not add water to und	Synonyms Liquid silane		
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May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes. 1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Chemical and Physical Treatment: Neutralize Do not burn Do not burn Do not add water to undissolved material 2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS 2.1 CG Compatibility Group: Not listed. 2.3 IMO/UN Designation: 3.2/1250 2.4 DOT 10 No: 1250 2.5 CAS Registry No: 75-79-6 2.6 NAER Guide No: 155 2.7 Standard Industrial Trade Classificat 51550 3. HEALTH HAZARDS 4.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Full protective colthing: acid-vapor-type respiratory protection;	VAPOR Irritating to eyes, nose and th if inhaled will cause difficult Move vicim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give If breathing is difficult, give ox LIQUID Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contarrinated clothin Flush affected areas with pler IF IN RYES, hold eyelds open IF SWALLOWED and victim i or milk.		
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3. HEALTH HAZARDS 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Full protective clothing; acid-vapor-type respiratory protection;	Dilute and disperse Stop discharge Chemical and Physical Treatment: Neutralize Do not burn		
 and eyes. and eyes. Symptoms Following Exposure: Inhalation causes irritation of mucous membrane. Contact with liquid causes severe burns of mouth and stomach. 3.7 Treatment of Exposure: Get medical attention at once following all exposures to this compound. INHALATION: remove victim from exposure; give artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. EYES: flush with water for 15 min. SKIN: flush with water. INGESTION: do NOT induce vomi give large amounts of water. 3.4 TLV-TWA: Not listed. 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed. 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available. 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Currently not available. 3.10 Vagor (Gao) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause severe irritation of eyes and throat and can cause eye and lung injury. They cannot be tolerated even at low concentrations. 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Severe skin irritant. Causes second- and third-degree burns on short contact and is very injurious to the eyes. 3.12 Odor Threshold: Decomposes in moist air, creating HCI with odor threshold of 1 ppm 3.13 IOSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed. 3.16 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed. 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed. 	Protective Equipment: Full protectiv gloves; chemical worker's goggles; eyes. s Following Exposure: Inhalation ca causes severe burns of eyes and ski ch. t of Exposure: Get medical attentior t of Exposure: Get medical attentior t of the severe set of the severe ATION: remove victim from exposure. : flush with water for 15 min. SKIN: 1 arge amounts of water. : Not listed. g : Not listed. y Inhalation: Currently not available. as) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors re ye and lung injury. They cannot be solid Characteristics: Vapors re yean dlung injury. They cannot be solid Characteristics: Vevere skin contact and is very injurious to the eye eshold : Decomposes in moist air, cr u : Not listed. 1:-TWL : Not listed. 1:-STEL : Not listed. 1:-STEL : Not listed.		

4. FIRE HAZARDS	7. SHIPPING INFORMATION
 Hash Point: 45°F O.C. 15°F C.C. Flaammable Limits in Air: 5.1% >20% Fire Extinguishing Agents: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Water, foam Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Toxic hydrogen chloride and phosgene gases may form in fires. Behavior in Fire: Difficult to extinguish; re-ignition may occur. Contact with 	7.1 Grades of Purity: 98+% 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement 7.4 Venting: Safety relief 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available 7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available 8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS 8.1 49 CFR Category: Flammable liquid
water applied to adjacent fires produces irritating hydrogen chloride. 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: >760 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Currently not available 4.9 Burning Rate: 1.9 mm/min. 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: 9.5 (calc.) 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): 5.0 (calc.) 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed 5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY	8.2 49 CFR Class: 3 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: 1 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification: Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue)
 ChemicAL REACTIVITY Reactivity with Water: Reacts violently to form hydrogen chloride (hydrochloric acid). Reactivity with Common Materials: Reacts with surface moisture to evolve hydrogen chloride, which is corrosive to metals. Stability During Transport: Stable Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Flood with water, rinse with sodium bicarbonate or lime solution. Polymerization: Not pertinent Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent Matter Toxicity: Currently not available Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not available Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): Currently not available GesAMP Hazard Profile: Bioaccumulation: 0 Damage to living resources: 1 Human Contact hazard: 1 Human Contact hazard: 1 Reduction of amenities: XX 	 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid 9.2 Molecular Weight: 149.5 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 151.5°F = 66.4°C = 339.6°K 9.4 Freezing Point: -130°F = -90°C = 183°K 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent 9.6 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent 9.7 Specific Gravity: 1.27 at 25°C (liquid) 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 20.3 dynes/cm = 0.0203 N/m at 20°C 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Not pertinent 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: 5.16 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Currently not available 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 89.3 Btu/lb = 49.6 ca/g = 2.08 X 10° J/kg 9.13 Heat of Compusition: (est.) -3.000 Btu/lb = -1.700 ca/g = -70 X 10° J/kg 9.14 Heat of Solution: Currently not available 9.16 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.16 Heat of Fusion: Not pertinent 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Not pertinent 9.18 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent 9.19 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.16 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.18 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.18 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 9.14 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 9.15 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.18 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available 9.18 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
NOTES	3

METHYLTRICHLOROSILANE

9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76 78 80 82 84	80.770 80.700 80.629 80.559 80.490 80.419 80.280 80.209 80.139 80.070 80.000 79.929 79.870 79.730 79.660 79.589 79.520 79.450 79.309 79.309 79.309 79.309 79.309 79.030	52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 74 76 80 82 84 86	0.350 0.350	42 44 46 50 52 54 56 68 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76 78 80 82 84 86 88	0.984 0.984	51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76	4.064 4.005 3.948 3.892 3.836 3.782 3.625 3.625 3.575 3.525 3.476 3.428 3.381 3.335 3.290 3.245 3.290 3.245 3.291 3.158 3.116 3.074 3.033 2.993 2.954 2.915 2.877

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	R E A C T S	0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 55 60 65 70 75 80 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120	0.408 0.478 0.558 0.650 0.753 0.871 1.004 1.155 1.323 1.513 1.725 2.226 2.229 2.845 3.602 4.041 4.523 5.633 6.267 6.961 7.717 8.539	0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 55 60 65 70 75 80 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120	0.01237 0.01434 0.01656 0.01906 0.02188 0.02503 0.03251 0.03259 0.04175 0.04714 0.05309 0.05309 0.05309 0.05306 0.06687 0.07480 0.03348 0.09297 0.10330 0.11460 0.12690 0.14020 0.1460 0.14200 0.14600 0.14200 0.14640 0.17020 0.18700 0.20520		N O T E R T I N E N T