## NAPHTHENIC ACIDS

	CAUTION	NARY RESPC	INSE INFORMATION	1	4. FIRE HAZARDS	7. SHIPPING INFORMATION		
Common Synonyms Liquid May float Keep people away. Avoid contact w Call fire department. Notify local health and pollution contr		May float or sink in d contact with liquid a	liquid and vapor.		<ul> <li>4.1 Flash Point: 300°F O.C.</li> <li>4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 1.0% (LFL)</li> <li>4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide</li> <li>4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Water may be ineffective</li> <li>4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Currently not available</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>7.1 Grades of Purity: Commercial, 100%</li> <li>7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient</li> <li>7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement</li> <li>7.4 Venting: Open</li> <li>7.5 IMO Pollution Category: A</li> <li>7.6 Ship Type: 2</li> <li>7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available</li> </ul>		
Protect water intakes.			4	4.6 Behavior in Fire: Currently not available				
Fire	Extinguish with dry chemicals, toam or carbon dioxide.         Water may be ineffective on fire.         Cool exposed containers with water. <b>posure</b> CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.         VAPOR         Irritating to eyes, nose and throat.         If inhaled will cause coughing or difficult breathing.         If inhaled will cause coughing or difficult breathing.         If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.         If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.         If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.         LIQUID         Irritating to sin and eyes.         If swallowed will cause nausea.         Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.         Flush affected areas with plenty of water.         IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.         IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS OR HAVING				<ol> <li>4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: Currently not available</li> <li>4.8 Electrical Hazards: Currently not available</li> <li>4.9 Burning Rate: Currently not available</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS</li> <li>HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS</li> <li>149 CFR Category: Not listed.</li> <li>49 CFR Class: Not pertinent</li> <li>349 CFR Package Group: Not listed.</li> <li>Marine Pollutant: Yes</li> <li>5 NFPA Hazard Classification: Not listed</li> <li>6 EPA Reportable Quantity: 100 pounds</li> <li>7 EPA Pollution Category: B</li> <li>8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed</li> <li>9 EPA FWPCA List: Yes</li> <li>9 PHYSICAL &amp; CHEMICAL PROPERTIES</li> <li>9. PHYSICAL &amp; CHEMICAL PROPERTIES</li> <li>9. Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid</li> <li>9. Molecular Weight: 200-250 (mixture)</li> <li>9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 270-470°F = 132-243°C = 405-516°K</li> <li>9.4 Freezing Point: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.6 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.7 Specific Gravity: 0.982 at 20°C (liquid)</li> <li>9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: Currently not available</li> </ol>		
Exposure					4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available     4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Not pertinent.     4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available     4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): Not pertinent.     4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed     5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY     5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: Currently not available			
Water Pollution	CONVULSIONS, do nothing except keep victim warm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Fouling to shoreline. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Notify local health and wildlife officials.				<ul> <li>5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable</li> <li>5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent</li> <li>5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent</li> <li>5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent</li> </ul>			
Notify local health and wildlife of Notify operators of nearby water <b>1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS</b> Stop discharge Coritain Collection Systems: Skim Chemical and Physical Treatment: Absorb Clean shore line Salvage waterfowl		ntors of nearby water			6. WATER POLLUTION     6.1 Aquatic Toxicity:     5-50 ppm/18-60 hr/crayfish/lethal/fresh     water     5.6 ppm/96 hr/bluegil/TLw/fresh water     6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not     available     6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD):     Currently not available     6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:     None     6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile: Not listed	<ul> <li>9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: Currently not available</li> <li>9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Not pertinent</li> <li>9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: Currently not available</li> <li>9.13 Heat of Combustion: Currently not available</li> <li>9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.15 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent</li> <li>9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available</li> <li>9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available</li> </ul>		
<ol> <li>Personal Protective Equipment: Safety glasses or face mask</li> <li>Symptoms Following Exposure: Principal effect is that of mild primary initiation when encountered in high concentrations. Inhalation of vapor causes coughing. Liquid is moderately irritating to eyes and slightly to moderately irritating to skin, excessive exposure could result in dermatitis.</li> <li>Treatment of Exposure: INHALATION: remove to fresh air. INCESTION: give large amounts of water. EYES: flush with water until irritation subsides. SKIN: wash with soap and water; remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.</li> <li>TU-YTMA: Not listed.</li> <li>TU-YTMA: Not listed.</li> <li>Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 2; oral LDe = 3,000 mg/kg (rat)</li> <li>Toxicity by Inflastion: Currently not available</li> <li>Otronic Toxicity: Currently not available</li> <li>Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Vapors cause a slight smarting of the eyes or respiratory system if present in high concentrations. The effect is temporary.</li> <li>Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Minimum hazard. If spilled on clothing and allowed to remain, may cause smarting and reddening of skin.</li> <li>Oxor Threshold: Odorless</li> <li>Sito SHA PEL-TWA: Not listed.</li> <li>GSHA PEL-TSEL: Not listed.</li> <li>GSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed.</li> <li>GSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.</li> </ol>				NO	TES			

## NAPHTHENIC ACIDS

SATURATED	9.20 LIQUID DENSITY	9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
67	61.170	(Gegices i )	pound-F N O T E R T I N E N T	(uegrees r)	per hour-square foot-F N O T F E R T I N E N F T T T	(Gegrees F)	N O T P E R T I N E N T

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	C U R R E N T L Y N O T A V A I L A B L E		N O T E R T I N E N T		N O T P E R T I N E N T		N O T P E R T I N E N T