## OILS, FUEL: 1-D

### **CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION** Common Synonyms Lube or fuel oil Diesel oil (light) Floats on water Keep people away. Avoid contact with liquid. Shut off ignition sources and call fire department Notify local health and pollution control agencies Combustible Extinguish with dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective on fire. Cool exposed containers with wate CALL FOR MEDICAL AID. **Exposure** LIOLID Irritating to skin and eyes Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN FYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water. Dangerous to aquatic life in high concentrations. Fouling to shoreline. May be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Water **Pollution** Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes

### 1. CORRECTIVE RESPONSE ACTIONS

Collection Systems: Skim

Chemical and Physical Treatment: Burn;

Clean shore line Salvage waterfowl

### 2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- CG Compatibility Group: 33;
  Miscellaneous Hydrocarbon Mixtures
  Formula: Not applicable
  IMO/UN Designation: 3.1/1270
  DOT ID No.: 1993

- CAS Registry 90.: 68334-30-5 NAERG Guide No.: 128 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 33440

### 3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Protective gloves; goggles or face shield
- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: INHALATION causes headache and slight giddiness. INGESTION inproms rollowing exposure: Invincin low clauses neadactice and slight globiness. Indestrion causes nausea, vomiting, and cramping; depression of central nervous system ranging from mild headache to anesthesia, come, and death; pulmonary irritation secondary to exhalation of solvent; signs of kidney and liver damage may be delayed. ASPIRATION causes severe lung irritation with coughing, gagging, dyspnea, substemal distress, and rapidly developing pulmonary edema; later, signs of bronchopneumonia and pneumonitis; acute onset of central nervous system excitement followed by depression.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INGESTION: do NOT induce vomiting; seek medical attention. ASPIRATION: enforce bed rest; administer oxygen. EYES: wash with copious quantity of water. SKIN: remove solvent by wiping and wash with soap and water.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: Notice of intended change: 100 mg/m3 (skin)
- 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 1; LDso = 5-15 g/kg 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Currently not available
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Slight smarting of eyes or respiratory system if present in high concentrations. The effect is temporary.
- 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Minimum hazard. If spilled on clothing and allowed to remain, may cause smarting and reddening of skin.
- 3.12 Odor Threshold: 0.7 ppm
- 3.13 IDLH Value: Not listed.
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed.
- 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

### 4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 100°F C.C.
- 4.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 1.3%-6%
- 4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Water may be ineffective.
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Not pertinent
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Not pertinent
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 350-625°F 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Not pertinent
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 4 mm/min.
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Not pertinent.
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): Not pertinent.
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed
- 5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No
- 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent
- 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

### 6. WATER POLLUTION

- 6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: 204 mg/1/24 hr/juvenile American shad/TLm/salt water
- 6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: 20 mg/kg LDso
- (mallard) 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD):
- 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile: Not listed

### 7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Diesel fuel 1-D (ASTM)
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Open (flame arrester)
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available
- 7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available

### 8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Combustible liquid
- 8.2 49 CFR Class: Not pertinent
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: Not listed.
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue)....... 0 Flammability (Red)..... Instability (Yellow).....

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed.
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed.
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

### 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

- 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid
- 9.2 Molecular Weight: Not pertinent
- 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 380-560°F = 193-293°C = 466-566°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: -30°F = -34°C = 240°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent 9.7 Specific Gravity: 0.81-0.85 at 15°C (liquid)
- **9.8 Liquid Surface Tension:** 23–32 dynes/cm = 0.023–0.032 N/m at 20°C
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: 47–49 dynes/cm = 0.047–0.049 N/m at 20°C
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Not pertinent
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 110 Btu/lb = 60 cal/g = 2.5 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg
- 9.13 Heat of Combustion: -18,540 Btu/lb = -10,300 cal/g = -431.24 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent
- 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not available

NOTES

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9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76 78 80 82 84	51.430 51.360 51.290 51.220 51.150 51.080 51.010 50.940 50.870 50.800 50.740 50.670 50.680 50.530 50.480 50.390 50.320 50.250 50.180 50.110 50.040 49.970 49.900 49.830 49.760 49.690	70 75 80 85 80 85 90 95 100 105 115 120 125 130 145 145 155 160 165 170 175 180 180 195	0.469 0.471 0.476 0.476 0.476 0.481 0.484 0.486 0.489 0.491 0.494 0.496 0.499 0.501 0.506 0.509 0.511 0.514 0.516 0.519 0.521 0.524 0.526 0.529 0.531	50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 200	0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964 0.964	-30 -25 -20 -15 -10 -5 -5 -5 10 15 20 33 34 45 55 60 65 70 75	6.065 5.482 4.965 4.508 4.101 3.739 3.416 3.127 2.867 2.634 2.424 2.235 2.064 1.909 1.768 1.641 1.525 1.419 1.322 1.233 1.152 1.078

9.24 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	I N S O L U B L E	70 80 90 100 110 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 300	0.041 0.056 0.075 0.099 0.130 0.168 0.217 0.277 0.350 0.440 0.548 0.679 0.835 1.021 1.241 1.500 1.802 2.154 2.562 3.033 3.573 4.192 4.896 5.695		NOT PERTINENT		NOT PERT-NENT