# OILS, FUEL: 2

CAUTIONARY RESPONSE INFORMATION						
Common Syno Home-heating oil	nyms	Oily liquid	Yellow-brown	Lube or fuel oil odor		
Keep people away. Avoid contact with liquid. Shut off ignition sources and call fire department. Notify local health and pollution control agencies. Protect water intakes.						
Fire	Extinguish w Water may I	Combustible. Extinguish with dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective on fire. Cool exposed containers with water.				
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.  LIQUID  Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.					
Water Pollution	Fouling to sh May be dang Notify local I		officials.			

1. CORRECTIVE	RESPONSE	ACTIONS
Stop discha	rne	

Contain Collection Systems: Skim Chemical and Physical Treatment: Burn Clean shore line Salvage waterfowl

#### 2. CHEMICAL DESIGNATIONS

- CG Compatibility Group: 33;
  Miscellaneous Hydrocarbon Mixtures
  Formula: Not applicable
  IMO/UN Designation: 3.3/1223
  DOT ID No.: 1993

- CAS Registry No.: 68476-30-2 NAERG Guide No.: 128 Standard Industrial Trade Classification: 33440

#### 3. HEALTH HAZARDS

- 3.1 Personal Protective Equipment: Protective gloves; goggles or face shield.
- 3.2 Symptoms Following Exposure: INHALATION causes headache and slight giddiness. INGESTION inproms rollowing exposure: Invincin low clauses neadactice and slight globiness. Indestrion causes nausea, vomiting, and cramping; depression of central nervous system ranging from mild headache to anesthesia, come, and death; pulmonary irritation secondary to exhalation of solvent; signs of kidney and liver damage may be delayed. ASPIRATION causes severe lung irritation with coughing, gagging, dyspnea, substemal distress, and rapidly developing pulmonary edema; later, signs of bronchopneumonia and pneumonitis; acute onset of central nervous system excitement followed by depression.
- 3.3 Treatment of Exposure: INGESTION: do NOT induce vomiting. ASPIRATION: enforce bed rest; administer oxygen; seek medical attention. EYES: wash with copious quantity of water. SKIN: remove solvent by wiping and wash with soap and water.
- 3.4 TLV-TWA: Notice of intended change: 100 mg/m³ (skin)
- 3.5 TLV-STEL: Not listed.
- 3.6 TLV-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.7 Toxicity by Ingestion: Grade 1; LDso = 5-15 g/kg
- 3.8 Toxicity by Inhalation: Currently not available
- 3.9 Chronic Toxicity: Currently not available
- 3.10 Vapor (Gas) Irritant Characteristics: Slight smarting of eyes or respiratory system if present in high concentrations. The effect is temporary.
- 3.11 Liquid or Solid Characteristics: Minimum hazard. If spilled on clothing and allowed to remain, may cause smarting and reddening of skin.
- 3.12 Odor Threshold: Currently not available
- 3.13 IDLH Value: Not listed.
- 3.14 OSHA PEL-TWA: Not listed.
- 3.15 OSHA PEL-STEL: Not listed
- 3.16 OSHA PEL-Ceiling: Not listed.
- 3.17 EPA AEGL: Not listed

## 4. FIRE HAZARDS

- 4.1 Flash Point: 136°F C.C.
- **4.2 Flammable Limits in Air:** Currently not available
- **4.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents:** Dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide
- 4.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to Be Used: Water may be ineffective
- 4.5 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Not pertinent
- 4.6 Behavior in Fire: Not pertinent
- 4.7 Auto Ignition Temperature: 494°F
- 4.8 Electrical Hazards: Not pertinent
- 4.9 Burning Rate: 4 mm/min.
- 4.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.11 Stoichometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Not
- 4.12 Flame Temperature: Currently not available
- 4.13 Combustion Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): Not pertinent.
- 4.14 Minimum Oxygen Concentration for Combustion (MOCC): Not listed

#### 5. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY

- 5.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction
- 5.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction 5.3 Stability During Transport: Stable
- 5.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent 5.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 5.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent

## 6. WATER POLLUTION

6.1 Aquatic Toxicity: 200 ppm/24 hr/juvenile American

shad/TL<sub>m</sub>/fresh water 20 ppm/96 hr/rainbow trout eggs/TL<sub>m</sub>/salt

- 6.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Currently not
- 6.3 Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD):
- 6.4 Food Chain Concentration Potential:
- 6.5 GESAMP Hazard Profile: Not listed

## 7. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 7.1 Grades of Purity: Commercial
- 7.2 Storage Temperature: Ambient
- 7.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement
- 7.4 Venting: Open (flame arrester)
- 7.5 IMO Pollution Category: Currently not available
- 7.6 Ship Type: Currently not available
- 7.7 Barge Hull Type: Currently not available

#### 8. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

- 8.1 49 CFR Category: Flammable liquid 8.2 49 CFR Class: 3
- 8.3 49 CFR Package Group: III
- 8.4 Marine Pollutant: No
- 8.5 NFPA Hazard Classification:

Category C	lassification
Category C Health Hazard (Blue)	0
Flammability (Red)	2
Instability (Yellow)	0

- 8.6 EPA Reportable Quantity: Not listed.
- 8.7 EPA Pollution Category: Not listed.
- 8.8 RCRA Waste Number: Not listed
- 8.9 EPA FWPCA List: Not listed

#### 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL **PROPERTIES**

# 9.1 Physical State at 15° C and 1 atm: Liquid

- 9.2 Molecular Weight: Not pertinent
- 9.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 540-640°F = 282-338°C = 555-611°K
- 9.4 Freezing Point: -20°F = -29°C = 244°K
- 9.5 Critical Temperature: Not pertinent
- 9.6 Critical Pressure: Not pertinent
- 9.7 Specific Gravity: 0.879 at 20°C (liquid)
- 9.8 Liquid Surface Tension: (est.) 25 dynes/cm
- 9.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: (est.) 50 dynes/cm = 0.05 N/m at 20°C
- 9.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent 9.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): Not pertinent
- 9.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: Not pertinent
- 9.13 Heat of Combustion: -19,440 Btu/lb = -10,800 cal/g = -452.17 X 10<sup>5</sup> J/kg
- 9.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
- 9.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent 9.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent
- 9.17 Heat of Fusion: Currently not available
- 9.18 Limiting Value: Currently not available
- 9.19 Reid Vapor Pressure: Currently not available

NOTES

# OILS, FUEL: 2

9.20 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		9.21 LIQUID HEAT CAPACITY		9.22 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		9.23 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit inch per hour-square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76 78 80 82 84	54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740 54.740	30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 115 120 125 130	0.429 0.431 0.436 0.436 0.439 0.441 0.443 0.446 0.448 0.451 0.453 0.456 0.458 0.460 0.465 0.468 0.470 0.472 0.477	30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 95 100 105 115 120 125 130	0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 200 210	3.773 3.397 3.071 2.788 2.541 2.324 2.134 1.965 1.815 1.681 1.561 1.454 1.358 1.270 1.191 1.120 1.054 0.995 0.940 0.890 0.844 0.802

9.24 Solubility in Water		9.25 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		9.26 SATURATED VAPOR DENSITY		9.27 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	I N S O L U B L E	55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 110 115 120 125 130	0.466 0.474 0.481 0.489 0.497 0.505 0.512 0.522 0.528 0.535 0.543 0.555 0.558 0.565 0.573 0.580		N O T PERTINENT		N O T PERTINENT